

Curriculum Vitae

Name		
<h2>Teramoto, Noriyoshi</h2>		
Position title		
<p>Vice-President & Executive Director, Saga University</p>		
Education		
1989 B.Dent. (Bachelor of Dentistry), Faculty of Dentistry, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan.		
1989 D.D.S. (Doctor of Dental Surgery), Japanese National Clinical License.		
1993 Ph.D. (Doctor of Philosophy: Medical Science), Graduated School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan.		
1997 D.Phil. (Doctor of Philosophy: Medical Basic Science), University of Oxford, Oxford, U.K.		
Professional experience		
Oct2017-present	Vice-President & Executive Director (Academic Research & Social Contribution Affairs), Saga University, Saga, Japan.	
Oct2015-Sep2017	Adviser to President (Academic Research & International Affairs), Saga University, Saga, Japan.	
Jul2014-present	Visiting Professor, Laboratory of Biomedical Engineering, Graduate School of Biomedical Engineering, Tohoku University, Sendai, Japan.	
Jun2010-present	Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine, Saga University, Saga, Japan.	
Apr2002-May2010	Associate Professor (Lecture-ship), Department of Pharmacology, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan.	
Apr1999-Mar2002	Assistant Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Graduate School of Medical Sciences, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan.	
Sep1997-Mar1999	Assistant Professor, Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Medicine, Kyushu University, Fukuoka, Japan.	
Jan1996-Aug1997	Senior Research Fellow, Department of Pharmacology, University of Oxford, Oxford, U.K.	
Jun1993-Dec1995	Postdoctoral Research Fellow, Department of Pharmacology, University of Oxford, Oxford, U.K.	
Professional memberships & service		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Board Director, Japanese Pharmacological Society 		
Research, scholarly & teaching interests		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> •Clinical improvements of siRNAs using sonoporation techniques for the novel treatment of ASO (Arterio-Sclerosis Obliterans). •Investigation of molecular and biophysical properties of ATP-sensitive K⁺ channels (KATP channels) in vascular and visceral smooth muscles. •Membrane trafficking regulatory mechanisms of ATP-sensitive K⁺ channels (KATP channels) in pancreatic beta cells for the novel clinical treatment of DM (Diabetes Mellitus). 		